



Center for Health Statistics



HEART DISEASE DEATHS IN CALIFORNIA, 1999

By Daniel H. Cox

Introduction

Heart disease has historically been the leading cause of death in the United States and in California. In 1996, 21 million cases of heart disease were reported in the United States and in 1999, 4.5 million hospital discharges were attributed to heart disease.¹ There were 725,192 heart disease deaths in the United States in 1999.²

This report presents data on heart disease deaths in California during 1999, and provides analysis of crude and age-adjusted death rates for California residents by sex, age, race/ethnicity, and county. The definition of heart disease used in this report is based on the ICD-10 codes I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51 currently presented in National Center for Health Statistics reports.³ The national health objective for heart disease, as defined by the Healthy People 2010 goals, pertains to coronary heart disease (a narrowly defined subset of heart disease). Therefore, an assessment of California's progress in meeting this objective cannot be monitored with the data presented in this report. An analysis of California's progress in meeting the national health objective for coronary heart disease is presented in other Center for Health Statistics (CHS) reports.⁴

Heart Disease Deaths

Table 1 (page 8) displays heart disease death data for 1999 by the four major race/ethnic groups, by age group, and by sex. During this period, the number of deaths attributed to heart disease was slightly higher among females (35,773) than among males (34,127). As shown in **Figure 1** (page 2), the number of heart disease deaths among Whites (53,629) was much higher than Hispanics (6,775), Blacks (5,417), and Asian/Other (4,079).

Heart disease deaths occur predominantly among the older population, and this held true in 1999 with 84.7 percent of all heart disease deaths involving people 65 years and older. This age group, within each respective race/ethnic group,

¹ National Center for Health Statistics, *Fast Stats A to Z: Heart Disease*. Division of Data Services, July 2001. <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/faststats/heart.htm>

² National Center for Health Statistics, Deaths: Final Data for 1999, *National Vital Statistics Reports*, DHHS Pub. No. (PHS) 2001-1120, PRS 01-0573, September 2001; Vol. 49, No. 8, pp. 57-60.

³ National Center for Health Statistics, Deaths: Preliminary Data for 1999, *National Vital Statistics Reports*, DHHS Pub. No. (PHS) 2001-1120, PRS 01-0358, June 2001; Volume 49, Number 3.

⁴ Schmidt C. County Health Status Profiles 2001. Center for Health Statistics, California Department of Health Services, April 2001.

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DATA
SUMMARY
No. DS02-
07001

This Data Summary is one of a series of leading cause of death reports.

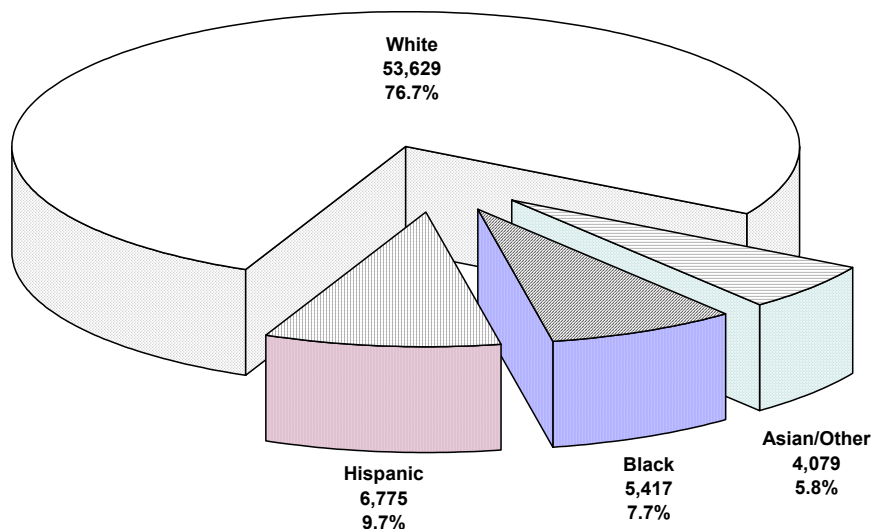
Highlights

- In 1999, 84.7% of all heart disease deaths occurred among people ages 65 and older.
- The heart disease crude death rate for California was 205.2 deaths per 100,000 population in 1999.
- During 1999, the California heart disease age-adjusted death rate (243.4) was lower than the United States rate (267.8).
- In 1999, Blacks had an age-adjusted death rate significantly higher than Whites, Hispanics, and Asian/Other.

accounted for 87.6 percent of all deaths among Whites, 81.3 percent of all deaths among Asian/Other, 75.7 percent of all deaths among Hispanics, and 69.8 percent of all deaths among Blacks.

A brief overview of [data limitations and qualifications](#) is provided at the end of this report.

FIGURE 1
HEART DISEASE DEATHS
BY RACE/ETHNICITY
CALIFORNIA, 1999
(By Place of Residence)



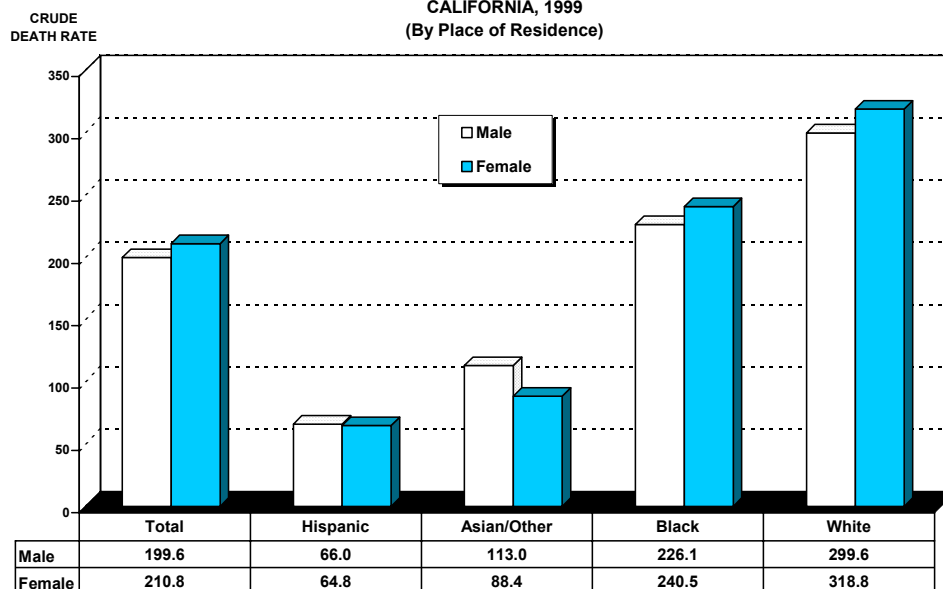
Note : ICD-10 codes I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51.

White, Black, and Asian/Other exclude Hispanic ethnicity. Hispanic includes any race category.

Source: State of California, Department of Finance; 1999 Population: Population Projections by Age, Race/Ethnicity and Sex, December 1998.

State of California, Department of Health Services, Death Records.

FIGURE 2
HEART DISEASE CRUDE DEATH RATES
BY RACE/ETHNICITY AND SEX
CALIFORNIA, 1999
(By Place of Residence)



Note : Rates are per 100,000 population. ICD-10 codes I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51.

White, Black, and Asian/Other exclude Hispanic ethnicity. Hispanic includes any race category.

Source: State of California, Department of Finance; 1999 Population: Population Projections by Age, Race/Ethnicity and Sex, December 1998.

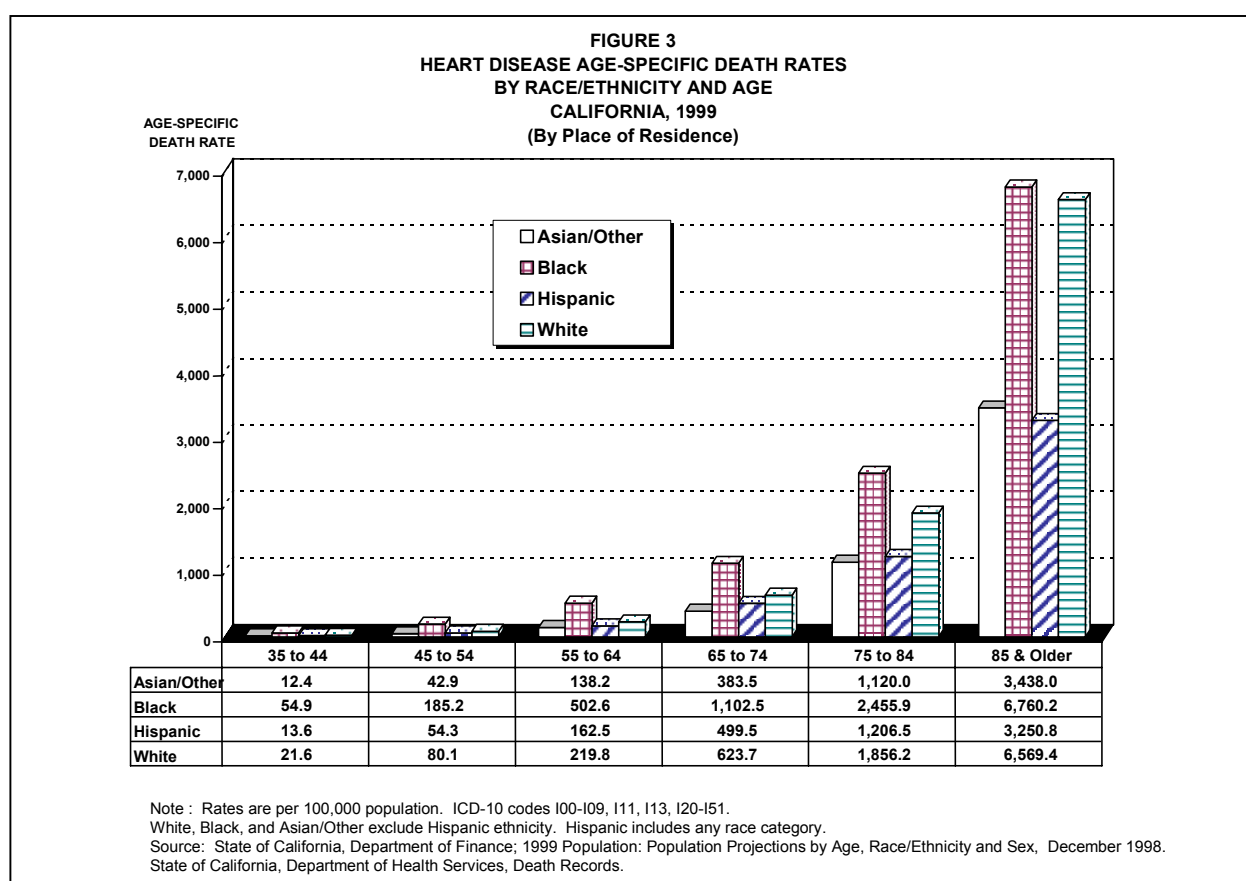
State of California, Department of Health Services, Death Records.

Heart Disease Crude Death Rates

See [Methodological Approach Section](#) in this report for an explanation of crude and age-specific death rates.

The overall heart disease crude death rate was 205.2 deaths per 100,000 population in 1999. As shown in **Table 1** (page 8), Whites had the highest crude death rate in 1999, a rate of 309.3. Blacks were next with a crude rate of 233.4. Asian/Other and Hispanics had the lowest crude death rates, 100.5 and 65.4 respectively.

Figure 2 (page 2) shows that among the sexes, within each race/ethnic group, Asian/Other, Black, and White had substantial differences in their heart disease crude death rates. Asian/Other males had a crude rate of 113.0 and Asian/Other females had a rate of 88.4. Among Blacks, females had a rate of 240.5 and males had a rate of 226.1. White females had a crude rate of 318.8 and White males had a rate of 299.6. These differences were statistically significant. There was no significant difference in the rates between Hispanic males and females.



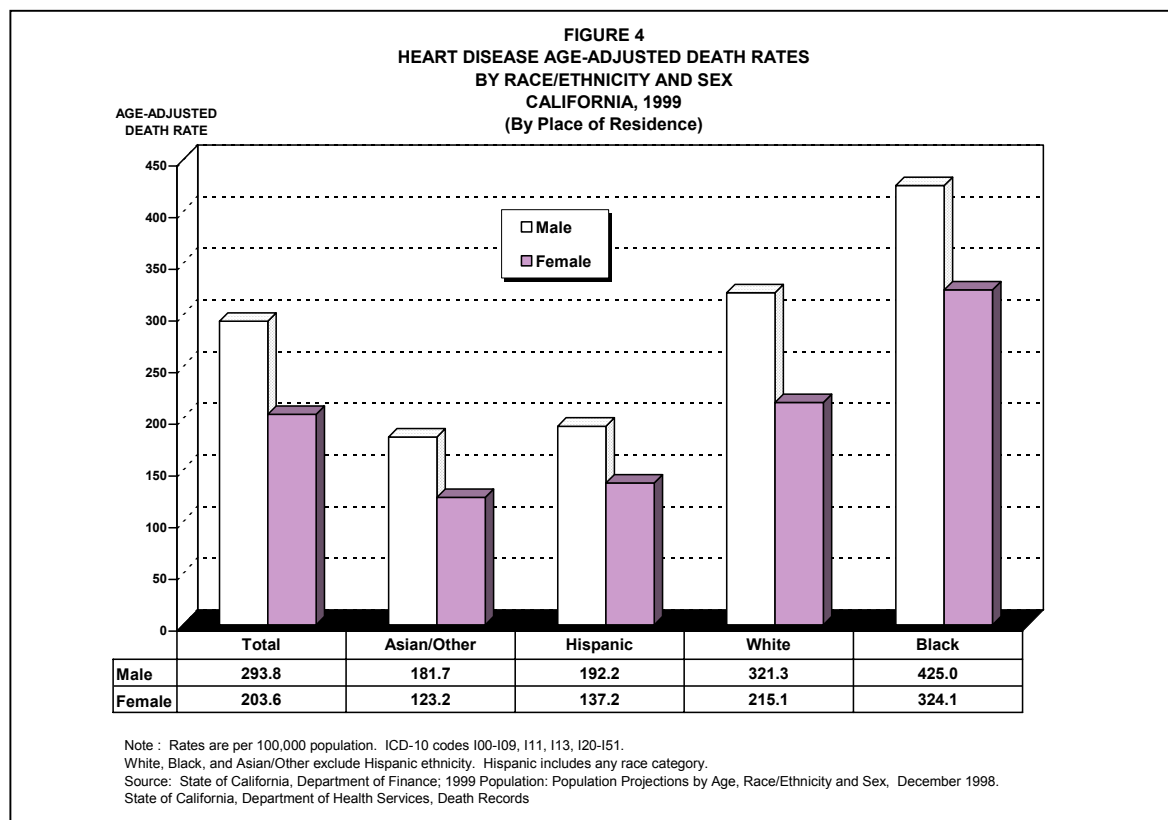
Heart Disease Age-Specific Death Rates

In **Table 1** (page 8) reliable age-specific rates show that males in all four race/ethnic groups consistently had higher rates than females in the corresponding groups, except for the 85 and older age group where Black and Hispanic females had rates higher than their male counterparts. **Table 1** also shows that Blacks had higher age-specific death rates than the other three race/ethnic groups in each age group with reliable rates. Whites and Hispanics had the only reliable rates in the 15 to 24 age group where Hispanics had the highest rate. Hispanics had the only reliable rate in the under one age group. **Figure 3** graphically displays this pattern of higher age-specific death rates for

Blacks in the age groups 35 to 44, 45 to 54, 55 to 64, 65 to 74, 75 to 84, and 85 years and older.

Heart Disease Age-Adjusted Death Rates

In 1999, the United States heart disease age-adjusted death rate (267.8) was higher than the California rate (243.4).² A comparison among the races shows that Blacks had an age-adjusted death rate (368.7) significantly higher than Whites (261.0), Hispanics (162.3), and Asian/Other (149.5). As shown in **Figure 4**, the death rate for males was substantially higher than for females in all four of the race/ethnic groups; all of these differences were statistically significant.



Heart Disease Death Data for California Counties

Table 2 (page 9) displays the number of deaths, crude death rates, and age-adjusted death rates by county for 1999.

The highest number of heart disease deaths occurred in Los Angeles County (20,006) and the lowest in Alpine County (2).

The highest and lowest reliable heart disease crude death rates were in Inyo County (343.4 per 100,000 population) and San Benito County (135.8), respectively.

The ranking for heart disease age-adjusted death rates showed San Bernardino County with the highest reliable rate (304.6 deaths per 100,000 population) and Modoc County with the lowest (149.6).

For more data, see DHS Center for Health Statistics, Home Page at <http://www.dhs.ca.gov/org/hisp/chs/chsindex.htm>

Heart Disease Death Data by Local Health Jurisdiction

Table 3 displays the number of deaths and crude death rates for California's three local health jurisdictions for 1999. Age-adjusted death rates were not calculated for the local health jurisdictions because city population estimates by age are not available.

The city of Long Beach had 1,101 heart disease deaths, Pasadena had 434 heart disease deaths, and Berkeley had 182 heart disease deaths.

Pasadena had a heart disease crude death rate of 322.7 deaths per 100,000 population, Long Beach had a crude rate of 239.3, and Berkeley had a crude rate of 175.7.

**TABLE 3
HEART DISEASE DEATHS
AMONG THE LOCAL HEALTH JURISDICTIONS
CALIFORNIA, 1999
(By Place of Residence)**

LOCAL HEALTH JURISDICTION	NUMBER OF DEATHS	1999 POPULATION	CRUDE DEATH RATE
BERKELEY	182	103,600	175.7
LONG BEACH	1,101	460,100	239.3
PASADENA	434	134,500	322.7

Note: Rates are per 100,000 population;
ICD-10 codes I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51.

Source: State of California, Department of Finance, Report E-4,
1999 Historical Estimates of California Cities and Counties,
September 2001.
State of California, Department of Health Services, Death records.

Methodological Approach

The methods used to analyze vital statistics data are important. Analyzing only the number of deaths has its disadvantages and can be misleading because the population at risk is not taken into consideration. Crude death rates show the actual rate of dying in a given population, but because of the differing age compositions of various populations, they do not provide a statistically valid method for comparing geographic areas and/or multiple reporting periods. Age-specific death rates are the number of deaths per 100,000 population in a specific age group and are used along with standard population proportions to develop a weighted average rate. This rate is referred to as an age-adjusted death rate and removes the effect of different age structures of the populations whose rates are being compared. Age-adjusted death rates therefore provide the preferred method for comparisons of different race/ethnic groups, sexes, and geographic areas, and for measuring death rates over time. The year 2000 United States population is used as the basis for age-adjustments in this report.

Data Limitations and Qualifications

You can read more about crude and age-adjusted rates on the National Center for Health Statistics web site at <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs>

The heart disease death data presented in this report are based on vital statistics records with ICD-10 codes I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51 as defined by the National Center for Health Statistics.³

The term “significant” within the text indicates statistically significant based on the difference between two independent rates ($p < .05$).

As with any vital statistics data, caution needs to be exercised when analyzing small numbers, including the rates derived from them. Death rates calculated from a small number of deaths and/or population tend to be unreliable and subject to significant variation from one year to the next. To assist the reader, 95 percent confidence intervals are provided in the data tables as a tool for measuring the reliability of the death rates. Rates with a relative standard error (coefficient of variation) greater than or equal to 23 percent are indicated with an asterisk (*).

Beginning in 1999, cause of death is reported using the 10th Revision of the *International Classification of Diseases* (ICD-10).⁵ Cause of death for 1979 through 1998 was coded using the 9th Revision of the *International Classification of Diseases* (ICD-9). Depending on the specific cause of death, the number of deaths and death rate are not comparable between ICD-9 and ICD-10. Therefore, our analyses involve only ICD-9 data (1979-1998) on prior reports and only ICD-10 data for this report (1999), and do not combine both ICD-9 and ICD-10 data.

The variability of the rates has increased in Tables 2 and 3 because of the unavailability of earlier years of data. Three-year average numbers using ICD-10 coding for cause of death will reduce this problem when the data are available in 2002.

The four race/ethnic groups presented in the tables are mutually exclusive. White, Black, and Asian/Other exclude Hispanic ethnicity, while Hispanic includes any race/ethnic group. In order to remain consistent with the population data obtained from the Department of Finance, the “White race/ethnic group” includes: White, Other (specified), Not Stated, and Unknown; and the “Asian/Other race/ethnic group” includes: Aleut, American Indian, Asian Indian, Asian (specified/unspecified), Cambodian, Chinese, Eskimo, Filipino, Guamanian, Hawaiian, Japanese, Korean, Laotian, Other Pacific Islander, Samoan, Thai, and Vietnamese. In addition, caution should be exercised in the interpretation of mortality data by race/ethnicity. Misclassification of race/ethnicity on the death certificate may contribute to death rates that may be underestimated among Hispanics and Asian/Other.⁶

Effective with 1999 mortality data, the standard population for calculating age-adjustments was changed from the 1940 population standard to the year 2000 population standard in accordance with new statistical policy implemented by the National Center for Health Statistics. The new population standard affects measurement of mortality trends

⁵ World Health Organization. *International Statistical Classification of diseases and Related Health Problems*. Tenth Revision. Geneva: World Health Organization. 1992.

⁶ Rosenberg HM, et al. *Quality of Death Rates by Race and Hispanic Origin: A Summary of Current Research*, 1999. *Vital and Health Statistics, Series 2 No. 128*, National Center for Health Statistics, DHHS Pub. No. (PHS) 99-1328, September 1999.

and group comparisons. Of particular note are the effects on race comparison of mortality.³ Age-adjusted rates presented in this report are not comparable to rates calculated with different population standards.

In addition, the population data used to calculate the crude rates in Table 3 differ from the population data used to calculate the crude rates in Table 2. Consequently, caution should be exercised when comparing the crude rates among the three local health jurisdictions with the rates among the 58 California counties. Age-adjusted rates for local city health jurisdictions were not calculated.

For a more complete explanation of the age-adjusting methodology used in this report see the *Healthy People 2000 Statistical Notes* publication.⁷ Detailed information on data quality and limitations are presented in the appendix of the annual report, *Vital Statistics of California*.⁸ Formulas used to calculate death rates are included in the technical notes of the *County Health Status Profiles* report.⁴

Heart Disease Reports from Prior Periods

Cox D. Heart Disease Deaths, California 1998. *Data Summary*. Center for Health Statistics, California Department of Health Services, Report Register No. DS01-02002, February 2001.

Cox D. Heart Disease Deaths, California 1997. *Data Summary*. Center for Health Statistics, California Department of Health Services, Report Register No. DS99-09001, September 1999.

Cox D. Heart Disease Deaths California, 1980-1996. *Data Summary*. Center for Health Statistics, California Department of Health Services, Report Register No. DS98-07001, July 1998.

Sutocky J. Heart Disease Mortality, California, 1970-1990. *Data Summary*. Center for Health Statistics, California Department of Health Services, Report Register No. DS92-03001, March 1992.

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⁷ Curtin LR, Klein RJ. Direct Standardization (Age-Adjusted Death Rates), *Healthy People 2000 Statistical Notes*, Number 6 – Revised, National Center for Health Statistics, DHHS Pub. No. (PHS) 95-1237, March 1995.

⁸ Riedmiller K, Bindra K. *Vital Statistics of California, 1998*. Center for Health Statistics, California Department of Health Services, April 2001.

TABLE 1
HEART DISEASE DEATHS
BY RACE/ETHNICITY, AGE, AND SEX
CALIFORNIA, 1999
(By Place of Residence)

AGE GROUPS	DEATHS			POPULATION			RATES			95% CONFIDENCE LIMITS					
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL		MALE		FEMALE	
										LOWER	UPPER	LOWER	UPPER	LOWER	UPPER
TOTAL															
Under 1	55	24	31	553,480	283,033	270,447	9.9	8.5	11.5	7.3	12.6	5.1	11.9	7.4	15.5
1 to 4	16	11	5	2,218,731	1,134,840	1,083,891	0.7 *	1.0 *	0.5 *	0.4	1.1	0.4	1.5	0.1	0.9
5 to 14	28	13	15	5,438,254	2,785,041	2,653,213	0.5	0.5 *	0.6 *	0.3	0.7	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.9
15 to 24	81	45	36	4,490,994	2,331,075	2,159,919	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.4	2.2	1.4	2.5	1.1	2.2
25 to 34	289	196	93	5,088,372	2,693,838	2,394,534	5.7	7.3	3.9	5.0	6.3	6.3	8.3	3.1	4.7
35 to 44	1,172	857	315	5,703,159	2,911,607	2,791,552	20.6	29.4	11.3	19.4	21.7	27.5	31.4	10.0	12.5
45 to 54	3,287	2431	856	4,284,494	2,127,558	2,156,936	76.7	114.3	39.7	74.1	79.3	109.7	118.8	37.0	42.3
55 to 64	5,764	3858	1906	2,647,776	1,289,251	1,358,525	217.7	299.2	140.3	212.1	223.3	289.8	308.7	134.0	146.6
65 to 74	11,745	7089	4656	1,945,679	889,827	1,055,852	603.6	796.7	441.0	592.7	614.6	778.1	815.2	428.3	453.6
75 to 84	22,128	11317	10811	1,272,523	519,523	753,000	1,738.9	2,178.3	1,435.7	1,716.0	1,761.8	2,138.2	2,218.5	1,408.7	1,462.8
85 & Older	25,330	8281	17049	429,016	134,219	294,797	5,904.2	6,169.8	5,783.3	5,831.5	5,976.9	6,036.9	6,302.7	5,696.5	5,870.1
Unknown	5	5	0												
Total	69,900	34,127	35,773	34,072,478	17,099,812	16,972,666	205.2	199.6	210.8	203.6	206.7	197.5	201.7	208.6	213.0
Age-Adjusted							243.4	293.8	203.6	241.5	245.2	290.6	297.0	201.5	205.8
ASIAN/OTHER															
Under 1	9	4	5	65,732	33,636	32,096	13.7 *	11.9 *	15.6 *	4.7	22.6	0.2	23.5	1.9	29.2
1 to 4	1	0	1	260,730	133,774	126,956	0.4 *	0.0 +	0.8 *	0.0	1.1	-	-	0.0	2.3
5 to 14	0	0	0	637,566	327,540	310,026	0.0 +	0.0 +	0.0 +	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 to 24	8	4	4	584,065	299,316	284,749	1.4 *	1.3 *	1.4 *	0.4	2.3	0.0	2.6	0.0	2.8
25 to 34	18	14	4	635,628	321,836	313,792	2.8 *	4.4 *	1.3 *	1.5	4.1	2.1	6.6	0.0	2.5
35 to 44	85	70	15	685,240	331,715	353,525	12.4	21.1	4.2 *	9.8	15.0	16.2	26.0	2.1	6.4
45 to 54	227	182	45	528,902	250,278	278,624	42.9	72.7	16.2	37.3	48.5	62.2	83.3	11.4	20.9
55 to 64	415	294	121	300,304	142,774	157,530	138.2	205.9	76.8	124.9	151.5	182.4	229.5	63.1	90.5
65 to 74	803	450	353	209,410	91,786	117,624	383.5	490.3	300.1	356.9	410.0	445.0	535.6	268.8	331.4
75 to 84	1,303	700	603	116,337	50,337	66,000	1,120.0	1,390.6	913.6	1,059.2	1,180.8	1,287.6	1,493.6	840.7	986.6
85 & Older	1,210	540	670	35,195	15,278	19,917	3,438.0	3,534.5	3,364.0	3,244.3	3,631.7	3,236.4	3,832.6	3,109.2	3,618.7
Unknown	0	0	0												
Total	4,079	2,258	1,821	4,059,109	1,998,270	2,060,839	100.5	113.0	88.4	97.4	103.6	108.3	117.7	84.3	92.4
Age-Adjusted							149.5	181.7	123.2	144.9	154.2	174.0	189.4	117.4	128.9
BLACK															
Under 1	7	3	4	37,436	19,147	18,289	18.7 *	15.7 *	21.9 *	4.8	32.6	0.0	33.4	0.4	43.3
1 to 4	2	2	0	150,150	76,493	73,657	1.3 *	2.6 *	0.0 +	0.0	3.2	0.0	6.2	-	-
5 to 14	8	4	4	412,399	208,881	203,518	1.9 *	1.9 *	2.0 *	0.6	3.3	0.0	3.8	0.0	3.9
15 to 24	11	3	8	352,398	186,295	166,103	3.1 *	1.6 *	4.8 *	1.3	5.0	0.0	3.4	1.5	8.2
25 to 34	58	32	26	361,723	189,557	172,166	16.0	16.9	15.1	11.9	20.2	11.0	22.7	9.3	20.9
35 to 44	213	141	72	387,780	188,667	199,113	54.9	74.7	36.2	47.6	62.3	62.4	87.1	27.8	44.5
45 to 54	508	339	169	274,298	129,075	145,223	185.2	262.6	116.4	169.1	201.3	234.7	290.6	98.8	133.9
55 to 64	827	510	317	164,532	76,514	88,018	502.6	666.5	360.2	468.4	536.9	608.7	724.4	320.5	399.8
65 to 74	1,144	600	544	103,767	44,942	58,825	1,102.5	1,335.1	924.8	1,038.6	1,166.4	1,228.2	1,441.9	847.1	1,002.5
75 to 84	1,443	615	828	58,756	22,082	36,674	2,455.9	2,785.1	2,257.7	2,329.2	2,582.6	2,565.0	3,005.2	2,103.9	2,411.5
85 & Older	1,195	343	852	17,677	5,158	12,519	6,760.2	6,649.9	6,805.7	6,376.9	7,143.5	5,946.1	7,353.6	6,348.7	7,262.6
Unknown	1	1	0												
Total	5,417	2,593	2,824	2,320,916	1,146,811	1,174,105	233.4	226.1	240.5	227.2	239.6	217.4	234.8	231.7	249.4
Age-Adjusted							368.7	425.0	324.1	358.7	378.8	407.4	442.7	312.1	336.2
HISPANIC															
Under 1	22	6	16	263,940	134,897	129,043	8.3	4.4 *	12.4 *	4.9	11.8	0.9	8.0	6.3	18.5
1 to 4	10	8	2	1,043,348	532,534	510,814	1.0 *	1.5 *	0.4 *	0.4	1.6	0.5	2.5	0.0	0.9
5 to 14	13	7	6	2,187,045	1,117,326	1,069,719	0.6 *	0.6 *	0.6 *	0.3	0.9	0.2	1.1	0.1	1.0
15 to 24	30	20	10	1,555,795	803,837	751,958	1.9	2.5	1.3 *	1.2	2.6	1.4	3.6	0.5	2.2
25 to 34	76	59	17	1,812,547	1,014,469	798,078	4.2	5.8	2.1 *	3.3	5.1	4.3	7.3	1.1	3.1
35 to 44	215	160	55	1,581,171	842,312	738,859	13.6	19.0	7.4	11.8	15.4	16.1	21.9	5.5	9.4
45 to 54	495	360	135	912,180	462,923	449,257	54.3	77.8	30.0	49.5	59.0	69.7	85.8	25.0	35.1
55 to 64	782	503	279	481,158	233,374	247,784	162.5	215.5	112.6	151.1	173.9	196.7	234.4	99.4	125.8
65 to 74	1,547	901	646	309,686	140,820	168,866	499.5	639.8	382.6	474.6	524.4	598.0	681.6	353.1	412.1
75 to 84	1,835	938	897	152,091	62,846	89,245	1,206.5	1,492.5	1,005.1	1,151.3	1,261.7	1,397.0	1,588.1	939.3	1,070.9
85 & Older	1,749	577	1,172	53,802	18,170	35,632	3,250.8	3,175.6	3,289.2	3,098.5	3,403.2	2,916.5	3,434.7	3,100.9	3,477.5
Unknown	1	1	0												
Total	6,775	3,540	3,235	10,352,763	5,363,508	4,989,255	65.4	66.0	64.8	63.9	67.0	63.8	68.2	62.6	67.1
Age-Adjusted							162.3	192.2	137.2	158.3	166.3	185.4	199.0	132.4	142.0
WHITE															
Under 1	17	11	6	186,372	95,353	91,019	9.1 *	11.5 *	6.6 *	4.8	13.5	4.7	18.4	1.3	11.9
1 to 4	3	1	2	764,503	392,039	372,464	0.4 *	0.3 *	0.5 *	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.8	0.0	1.3
5 to 14	7	2	5	2,201,244	1,131,294	1,069,950	0.3 *	0.2 *	0.5 *	0.1	0.6	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.9
15 to 24	32	18	14	1,998,736	1,041,627	957,109	1.6	1.7 *	1.5 *	1.0	2.2	0.9	2.5	0.7	2.2
25 to 34	137	91	46	2,278,474	1,167,976	1,110,498	6.0	7.8	4.1	5.0	7.0	6.2	9.4	2.9	5.3
35 to 44	659	486	173	3,048,968	1,548,913	1,500,055	21.6	31.4	11.5	20.0	23.3	28.6	34.2	9.8	13.3
45 to 54	2,057	1550	507	2,569,114	1,285,282	1,283,832	80.1	120.6	39.5	76.6	83.5	114.6	126.6	36.1	42.9
55 to 64	3,740	2551	1189	1,701,782	836,589	865,193	219.8	304.9	137.4	212.7	226.8	293.1	316.8	129.6	145.2
65 to 74	8,251	5138	3113	1,322,816	612,279	710,537	623.7	839.2	438.1	610.3	637.2	816.2	862.1	422.7	453.5
75 to 84	17,547	9064	8483	945,339	384,258	561,081	1,856.2	2,358.8	1,511.9	1,828.7	1,883.6	2,310.3	2,407.4	1,479.7	1,544.1
85 & Older	21,176	6821	14355	322,342	95,613	226,729	6,569.4	7,134.0	6,331.3	6,480.9	6,657.9	6,964.7	7,303.3	6,227.8	6,434.9
Unknown	3	3	0												
Total	53,629	25,736	27,893	17,339,690	8,591,223	8,748,467	309.3	299.6	318.8	306.7	311.9	295.9	303.2	315.1	322.6
Age-Adjusted							261.0	321.3	215.1	258.8	263.2	317.3	325.3	212.5	217.6

Note : Rates are per 100,000 population. ICD-10 codes I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51.
White, Black, and Asian/Other exclude Hispanic ethnicity.
Hispanic includes any race category.

* Death rate unreliable, relative

TABLE 2
HEART DISEASE DEATHS
CALIFORNIA, 1999
(By Place of Residence)

COUNTY	1999 DEATHS	PERCENT	1999 POPULATION	CRUDE RATE	AGE-ADJUSTED RATE	95% CONFIDENCE LIMITS	
						LOWER	UPPER
CALIFORNIA	69,900	100.0	34,072,478	205.2	243.4	242.4	244.3
ALAMEDA	2,883	4.1	1,448,643	199.0	235.0	230.5	239.4
ALPINE	2	0.0 a	1,226	163.1 *	191.5 *	9.5	373.5
AMADOR	113	0.2	34,410	328.4	222.5	198.1	246.9
BUTTE	547	0.8	204,216	267.9	190.0	180.1	199.9
CALAVERAS	121	0.2	40,597	298.1	217.9	193.9	241.9
COLUSA	49	0.1	20,091	243.9	243.1	202.0	284.3
CONTRA COSTA	1,769	2.5	921,662	191.9	209.5	204.8	214.1
DEL NORTE	52	0.1	30,358	171.3	157.4	129.6	185.2
EL DORADO	343	0.5	156,996	218.5	231.0	219.8	242.3
FRESNO	1,586	2.3	800,121	198.2	243.4	237.2	249.6
GLENN	74	0.1	28,438	260.2	240.3	209.5	271.0
HUMBOLDT	296	0.4	127,658	231.9	231.7	217.6	245.9
IMPERIAL	253	0.4	150,381	168.2	222.8	207.6	238.0
INYO	63	0.1	18,348	343.4	222.2	191.0	253.4
KERN	1,536	2.2	662,472	231.9	284.2	276.6	291.8
KINGS	201	0.3	123,683	162.5	256.3	236.9	275.7
LAKE	181	0.3	58,335	310.3	193.6	174.2	213.0
LASSEN	65	0.1	35,208	184.6	214.1	187.0	241.3
LOS ANGELES	20,006	28.6	9,727,841	205.7	269.0	267.2	270.9
MADERA	252	0.4	121,779	206.9	225.2	209.9	240.4
MARIN	473	0.7	247,073	191.4	189.7	181.8	197.6
MARIPOSA	51	0.1	16,339	312.1	202.5	171.6	233.4
MENDOCINO	206	0.3	88,978	231.5	215.0	199.5	230.5
MERCED	348	0.5	210,707	165.2	228.3	215.4	241.3
MODOC	21	0.0 a	10,384	202.2	149.6	107.4	191.8
MONO	7	0.0 a	10,730	65.2 *	91.2 *	58.6	123.9
MONTEREY	627	0.9	395,133	158.7	204.3	196.6	212.0
NAPA	318	0.5	125,123	254.1	189.7	178.5	200.8
NEVADA	233	0.3	94,014	247.8	169.4	158.6	180.2
ORANGE	5,296	7.6	2,787,593	190.0	265.5	262.4	268.6
PLACER	488	0.7	233,836	208.7	222.4	213.6	231.1
PLUMAS	54	0.1	20,714	260.7	181.0	153.0	208.9
RIVERSIDE	4,067	5.8	1,519,469	267.7	262.3	257.7	266.8
SACRAMENTO	2,582	3.7	1,189,056	217.1	258.0	253.0	263.0
SAN BENITO	68	0.1	50,087	135.8	159.6	139.4	179.9
SAN BERNARDINO	3,446	4.9	1,688,984	204.0	304.6	299.5	309.6
SAN DIEGO	5,654	8.1	2,884,572	196.0	229.2	226.1	232.3
SAN FRANCISCO	1,888	2.7	788,975	239.3	194.6	189.6	199.6
SAN JOAQUIN	1,371	2.0	566,793	241.9	265.3	257.6	272.9
SAN LUIS OBISPO	655	0.9	247,880	264.2	227.7	217.8	237.6
SAN MATEO	1,381	2.0	735,381	187.8	188.8	183.9	193.7
SANTA BARBARA	851	1.2	408,292	208.4	207.2	200.2	214.3
SANTA CLARA	2,601	3.7	1,732,034	150.2	215.9	212.4	219.5
SANTA CRUZ	502	0.7	255,825	196.2	208.8	200.1	217.5
SHASTA	447	0.6	171,211	261.1	234.6	222.6	246.7
SIERRA	8	0.0 a	3,427	233.4 *	122.0 *	96.7	147.3
SISKIYOU	110	0.2	44,847	245.3	191.2	168.8	213.6
SOLANO	632	0.9	392,201	161.1	232.1	222.8	241.5
SONOMA	1,109	1.6	450,187	246.3	225.6	218.8	232.3
STANISLAUS	1,004	1.4	446,056	225.1	265.8	257.1	274.5
SUTTER	211	0.3	79,992	263.8	256.3	238.1	274.6
TEHAMA	177	0.3	55,806	317.2	241.8	219.9	263.6
TRINITY	31	0.0 a	13,353	232.2	192.3	146.0	238.5
TULARE	751	1.1	371,640	202.1	242.1	232.7	251.6
TUOLUMNE	140	0.2	54,631	256.3	193.7	175.5	211.9
VENTURA	1,298	1.9	744,825	174.3	218.5	213.1	223.9
YOLO	254	0.4	160,805	158.0	198.9	185.9	211.9
YUBA	148	0.2	63,062	234.7	291.2	263.8	318.5

Note : Rates are per 100,000 population. ICD-10 codes I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51.

* Death rate unreliable, relative standard error is greater than or equal to 23%.

a Represents a percentage of more than zero but less than 0.05.

Source : State of California, Department of Finance; 1999 Population: Population Projections by Age, Race/Ethnicity and Sex, December 1998.
State of California, Department of Health Services, Death Records.